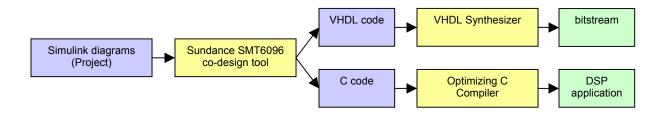
HW/SW Co-Design of Digital Signal Processing Systems is as easy as ...

Rapid prototyping systems employ various components such as CPUs, FPGAs, ADCs and DACs. The *Developing Digital Signal Processing System* (DSPS) therefore requires designing many SW, digital HW and analog HW subsystems, which tightly interact. Design validation requires simulating the interacting subsystems as a whole; this invariably leads to appropriate co-simulation and co-design techniques.

The Sundance innovative <u>SMT6039</u> HW/SW co-design tool is based on The MathWorks Simulink[®] and MATLAB[®] simulation environments. It allows easy conversion of a Simulink diagram into a hybrid DSPS for the Sundance <u>SMT8039 Advanced Imaging Module</u>. Co-simulating all subsystems (HW+SW+Analogue), together with the ease offered by the Simulink[®] environment, is its other main feature.

The user can describe his/her algorithm by means of a set of interconnected blocks, which are functionally identical to those from the Simulink library (math and logical operators, non-linear and trigonometric functions, vector and matrix operations, modulators, etc.). The Sundance-provided blocks have a Data Flow calculation paradigm, just like Simulink, and they are capable of accurate simulation of the effects of their SW, digital and analogue real HW equivalents; at the same time, the entire system is kept independent of the chosen HW implementation.

As soon as the DSPS has been co-designed, co-simulated and tuned (by using the powerful MATLAB capabilities), it can be automatically converted into C code (for all SW blocks) and VHDL code (for all HW blocks), HW/SW interfaces included (which are converted into both C and VHDL sub-blocks). The generated code is then compiled with Texas Instrument Code Composer Studio's TM optimizing Compiler and Xilinx ISE Foundation's TM VHDL synthesizer respectively. As a last step, the resulting bitstreams and DSP applications are downloaded into the FPGA configuration memory and the DSP program memory.



Zoom in on HW/SW Co-Simulation and Co-Design

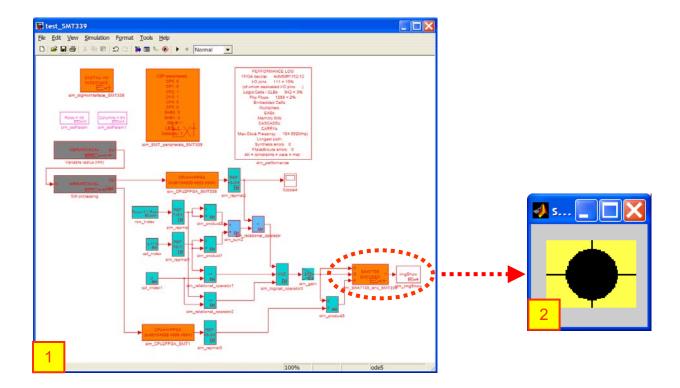
HW/SW co-design is an innovative and very high-level approach to the design of high-performance and low-cost systems. Any algorithm is described in terms of general-purpose functions (mathematical, logical, signal & video processing, etc.), and is kept implementation-independent.

The user can select in a simple check box if he prefers to have C or VHDL code automatically generated as output for each SW or HW module, thus enabling easy experimentation with optimal task allocation between the DSP and the FPGA.

Afterwards, the algorithm is validated inside the application environment where it will run (for example, camera acquisition or radio signal processing).

An implementation (either analogue or digital or software) is then associated with each subsystem and the whole system is then simulated to assess the overall effects of the implementation details (resolution, SW data types, etc.). MATLAB tools can be used to further optimize and tune the system.

As soon as the algorithm has been validated and the implementation parameters have been optimized, C code (for the SW blocks) and VHDL code (for the HW blocks) will be automatically generated, and will be subsequently compiled by the appropriate C and VHDL compiler. Finally, they will be downloaded onto the SMT8039 Advanced Imaging Module, where the system will be tested for real.



Picture 1 shows a Simulink model of the SMT339 module (part of the SMT8039 system). The schematics implement a synthetic image generator (a black cross superimposed onto a black circle of increasing diameter). The image is sent to an external monitor through the video encoder.

Picture 2 is the simulated image. After compilation, VHDL code for the FPGA and C code for the CPU (TMS320C64) are automatically generated. Xilinx ISE[®] and Texas Instruments CCS[®] will then be used to build the bitmap and an executable.

Requirements:

The Math Works:

- MATLAB® 7.3 and Simulink® 6.5
- Real Time Workshop (version found in Matlab® 7.3)

Texas Instruments:

• <u>Code Composer Studio</u>[®] 3.1

Sundance:

• SMT8039

3L:

• <u>Diamond DSP</u> (single proc) and <u>Diamond FPGA</u> (single proc)

Xilinx:

• Xilinx ISE® 8.2 Foundation