

USER GUIDE FOR SMT6060-TCPIP

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Revision 0.4 Page 3 of 3



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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Explanation
ASIC	Application Specific Integrated Circuit
ВОМ	Bill Of Materials
СМС	Common Mezzanine Card
Comport	Communications Port
DSP	Digital Signal Processor
FMS	Trade name for a flat-ribbon cable family from JST Mfg. Inc.
FPDP	Front Panel Data Port
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
GTP	RocketIO Gigabit Transceiver Pair (Xilinx)
NA	Not Applicable
OTP	One-Time Programmable
PC	Personal Computer
РСВ	Printed Circuit Board
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
РМС	PCI Mezzanine Card
PrPMC	Processor PMC
RF	Radio Frequency
RSL	RocketIO Serial Link
SDB	Sundance Digital Bus
SDRAM	Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory
SHB	Sundance High-Speed Bus
SMA	Trade name for a threaded RF co-axial connector family

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Revision 0.4 Page 5 of 5



SMT	Sundance Multiprocessor Technology
TBD	To Be Determined
TI	Texas Instruments
XMC	Switched Mezzanine Card



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTI	RODUCTION	8
	11	Overview	8
	1.2	RELATED DOCUMENTS	8
-			
2.	REQ	UIEREMENTS	9
2	CON		Λ
э.	CON	NECTING THE HARDWARE	U
4.	SYST	TEM CONFIGURATION1	1
	4.1.	CONFIGURING THE SMT363	1
	4.1.1	Overwriting the default IP and MAC addresses1	3
	4.1.2	Confirming the configuration1	5
5.	DES	CRIPTION1	7
	5 1	DIRECTORY STRUCTURE	7
	5.2.	THE SOCKET API LIBRARY	8
6.	EXA	MPLES	0
•••			~
	6.1.	BACKGROUND	0
	6.2.	BEFORE YOU START	1
	6.3.	BUILDING THE EXAMPLES	1
	6.4.	RUNNING THE EXAMPLES	1
	6.5.	ECHOD EXAMPLE	2
	6.6.	FTPD EXAMPLE	2
	6.7.	RECV EXAMPLE	3
	6.8.	RECVC EXAMPLE	5
	6.9.	RECVD EXAMPLE	4 ~
	6.10.	SENDC EXAMPLE	5
	0.11.	SENDD EXAMPLE	о 7
	0.12.	MULIIC EXAMPLE	7
	0.15.	MULTID EXAMPLE	/
	0.14.	SMT505 AS NETWORK INTERFACE EXAMPLE	8
	0.15.	CONFIGURING THE HOST	ታ 1
	0.10.	CONFIGURING THE SIMI 1 505	1
7.	ACC	ESS TO THE SERIAL PORT OF THE NET50	2

Revision 0.4 Page 7 of 7



TABLE OF FIGURES and TABLES

Figure 1 - SMT6060-TCPIP Hardware Connections
Figure 2 -SMT6060-TCPIP Configuring SMT36311
Figure 3 - SMT363 Configuration Data
Figure 4 - SMT363 netbboot file selection
Figure 5 - Block properties
Figure 6 - Block properties ID
Figure 7 - Change IP and MAC file example
Figure 8 - File selection for IP and MAC change
Figure 9 - HyperTerminal output
Figure 10 - SMT6060-TCPIP Block Diagram
Figure 11 -SMT6060-TCPIP Directory Structure
Figure 12 - Examle System Diagram
Figure 13 - SMT6060-TCPIP Boardinfo application
Figure 14 - SMT6060-TCPIP RECV Example Output
Figure 15 -SMT6060-TCPIP Recvc Example Output
Figure 16 - SMT6060-TCPIP Recvc Example Output
Figure 17 - SMT6060-TCPIP Sendc Example Output
Figure 18 -SMT6060-TCPIP Sendc Example Output
Figure 19 - SMT6060-TCPIP Multic Example Output
Figure 20 - SMT6060-TCPIP Multid Example Output
Figure 21 -SMT6060-TCPIP SMT363 Configuration as Network Interface
Figure 22 - SMT6060-TCPIP Configuring the Host
Figure 23 - SMT6060-TCPIP Boardinfo Host Configuration
Figure 24 - SMT6060-TCPIP Using the Flash Utility
Figure 25 - SMT6060-TCPIP Marking the Bootable file
Table 1 – Change IP and MAC Address $1/4$

Revision 0.4 Page 8 of 8

1. INTRODUCTION



1.1. OVERVIEW

The SMT6060 provides a network of DSP modules access to Ethernet though the Berkeley socket-API. Each of the modules in a multiprocessor DSP application is able to access the Ethernet using the socket API. The SMT363 module contains a NET50 processor and is used as a network interface.

The SMT6060 consists of a collection of software examples that simplify the development of network applications.

1.2. RELATED DOCUMENTS

TBD

Revision 0.4 Page 9 of 9

2. REQUIEREMENTS



To develop with the SMT6060, you need

- Code Composer Studio. v3.1 or later
 - *Code composer is used to compile programs for the TI DSPs in the network.*
 - 3L Diamond RTOS version 3.1.4 or later
 - o Diamond is used as an RTOS that enables any task on the network to access the SMT363.
- SMT6001 v6.01 or later (recommended)
 - The SMT6001 is a utility with which you manage the contents of the flash for Sundance modules.
- SMT6300 v3.07 or later (recommended)
 - o Low level driver support for the host machine.

Revision 0.4 Page 10 of 10



3. CONNECTING THE HARDWARE

You should have received a cable that connects to the SMT363 module. This cable provides an Ethernet connection as well as a RS232 connection to the SMT363. Plug the RS232 port into your development PC. Use HyperTerminal, and configure the port to 9600 baud, 8-N-1.

Note: This port will later be used to output debug information from the SMT363.



Figure 1 - SMT6060-TCPIP Hardware Connections

Revision 0.4 Page 11 of 11



4. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

Before you start developing, you need to ensure that you have an up to date system configuration. You need to configure the flash of the SMT363 with the correct data so that it can configure the NET50 once you power the system up.

4.1. CONFIGURING THE SMT363

Use the SMT6001 utility from Sundance to ensure that the flash of the SMT363 contains an appropriate configuration.

Select "Start->Program Files->Sundance->SMT6001->SmtFlash utility"

Ensure that you have bootloader version 5.04 or later programmed as shown below.

● CPUs ✓ DS71x×DS510 Emulator; •	General Userblocks Dynamics Advanced Thittee	
	TIM SMT363%C2_64	Details
	Boofloader	
	Version 5.04 (SMT363.out) programmed on 10/11/2005 e	Standard
	V	Browse
	FPGA bitstream	
9 <u></u> }	Version 2.00 C\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6001\Bitstreams\smt2 Programmed on 10/11/2006 at 12:49	Sandan
	Notes: 6xCP, 2x16-bit SDB, GB	Browse
	<u> </u>	
20		
Help	Concel	OK

Figure 2 -SMT6060-TCPIP Configuring SMT363

Select the "User blocks" tab.

Revision 0.4 Page 12 of 12



CPUs	Genera	User M	odes D	yearnics	Advances	1		
	Type		ы	Index	Dutes	Ver	Date	Nenzne
	B	Revidete Revidete	8-858 8-458	1	1616 544212	0.8	10/11/2306 12:48 11/11/2306 19:04	C:1,um6068 C:1,um6068
	14							2
	_	èdd		0.0	Quint	<u> </u>	State -	date all

Figure 3 - SMT363 Configuration Data

There need to be two raw data sections as shown. The files used to create these data sections can be found in the cfg directory of your installation.

Retboot_v4		
Ble Edit View Figvorites Tools He	4p	A
🔇 Back - 🔘 - 🏂 🔎 Search	Folders	🖌 Go + 🔊 🍽 🕥 Settings + 🛛 Links *
Folders	× Name +	Size Type
clg c	▲ Instboot33mv4.bin Instboot44mv4.bin	2KB BINFile 2KB BINFile
4	> <	3
2 objects (Disk free space: 107 GB)		3.19 KB 😏 My Computer

Figure 4 - SMT363 netbboot file selection

The first section should have an ID value of 0xB50. (The file is *cfg/netboot_v4/netboot44mv4.bin*). (NOTE: Use netboot33mv4.dat for 33 MHz Net+50 boards)

If you need to add this data section, make sure that you select "big-endian" and an ID value of 0xB50.

Revision 0.4 Page 13 of 13



ID	0x850	Version 0
Туре	Raw data file	•
lename	C:\smt6060\smt6060-tcpi	p-v0p5p7-src\smt6060-tcpip\src
	E Bootfrom ROM	🔽 Eigendian

Figure 5 - Block properties

The second raw data section is *cfg/netsocksvr/release.dat* also with "big-endian" selected, and with an ID value of 0xA50. (This is the netsocksvr application that will be loaded and run on the NET50 processor.)

Block pro	perties	×
	D DVAST Version 0 0	
Тур	• Raw data file	
Filenam	e C:\smt6060\smt6060-tcpip-v0p5p7-src\smt6060-tcpip\src	
	Esot from ROM Figendian	
L		
	Cancel OK	
		'

Figure 6 - Block properties ID

4.1.1. Overwriting the default IP and MAC addresses

The SMT363 will automatically obtain an IP address from a DHCP server. The SMT363 will have a MAC address of "00:40: AF: 00:42:06". If these values are acceptable, then you can skip this section.

If you do wish to overwrite the default values for the IP and MAC address, this can be done by specifying a data section that is programmed with the SMT6001.

Create a file that is 20 bytes long, and that has the content shown: (An example is provided with this installation package. See *sampleconfig.dat*)

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Word	Meaning
0	IP Address (32 bits)
1	Subnet mask (32 bits)
2	Default gateway (32 bits)
3	MAC0 (32 bits)
4	MAC1 (32 bits)

Table 1 – Change IP and MAC Address

For example: The file shown below

🛞 UltraEdit-32 - [C:\Doc	uments and Settings\Hen	driV\Desktop\sampleconfig.dat	1 🗖 🗖 🚺
💭 Elle Edit Search Broj	ject yjew Format, Column	Macro Advanced Window Help	_ 8 X
	🖬 Wal H E J. 🗈 📾	ន ន ន ព អ អ អ ស ល	3680 8 8 8 8
sampleconfig.det			
00000000h: 00 80 4	0 06 FF FF FF 00 CC	0 80 40 15 AF 00 42 06 ;	80.yyy.Act
00000010h: 00 00 0	0 40	;	0 .
•			•
For Help, press F1	Pos: 0H, 0, CW DOS	Mod: 14/11/2006 18:32 FB	e Size: 20 INS

Figure 7 - Change IP and MAC file example

Defines the IP address to be 192.128.64.11 (0xC080400B)

The subnet mask to be FF.FF.FF.00

The default gateway to be 192.128.64.21 (0xC0804015)

And the MAC address to be 01.02.03.04.05.06

Now use the SMT6001 to create a raw data section (big-endian) with the ID 0xC50

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Revision 0.4 Page 15 of 15



Block prope	rties		Þ
D	0×C50	Version 1 0	
Туре	Rew data file	•	J
Filename	uments and Settings\Her	driV\Desktop\sampleconfig.dat	
	Boottom ROM	Figendian	
		Cancel OK.	

Figure 8 - File selection for IP and MAC change

Note: Specifying an IP address of 0.0.0.0 will cause the SMT363 to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server; this way you are able to specify the MAC address independently from the IP.

4.1.2. Confirming the configuration

Close the SMT6001 and Code Composer Studio. Ensure that you have HyperTerminal configured and the RS232 port connected from the SMT363 to your development PC.

Use the SMTBoardInfo application from Sundance, and issue a "Board Reset".

In the HyperTerminal window of your development PC, you should see output similar to the following:

Revision 0.4 Page 16 of 16



🗣 test363 - HyperTerminal	
Bie Edit View Gall Transfer Help Diež - X 1029 rft	
SMT363 NET50 Boot REV- 0003 44NHz PHY: Intel, found at 0x000 Sdram: testing Sdram: tested OK Application: loading Application: running :tcp: link down ACE: Have IP address on interface eth0: 192.128.64.6 Socket I/0 RPC Server Application Release 1.0.0 	
Connected 00:00:32 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	đ

NOTE: your IP address will be different according to what your DHCP server assigned for the Net+50 processor (or what you have configured yourself by providing the 0xC50 data section). Take note of this IP address, as you will need to refer to it later on again.

NOTE: when using DHCP, it can take ~20sec for the Net+50 processor to get its address. The NetOS delays starting the application until the address are received.

Figure 9 - HyperTerminal output

Revision 0.4 Page 17 of 17

5. DESCRIPTION

The SMT363 provides an interface to Ethernet. It also provides an RS232 port. This port is used to output debug logging information.

You create your Diamond application as a number of tasks distributed onto the network of processors. Refer to the 3L Diamond documentation for a more detailed description of this process.

Each of the tasks that wish to access the Ethernet is linked with the socketapi.lib library. This library is your task's interface to the standard socket API.

Internally, socketapi.lib uses 3L Diamond channels to communicate with an RPCProxy task that runs on the DSP of the SMT363 module. The proxy task in turn communicates with the NET50 on the SMT363 to perform the actual network operations.



Figure 10 - SMT6060-TCPIP Block Diagram

It is important that you understand the overall system design, because you will need to ensure that the appropriate 3L Diamond configuration file is used for your application. Examples included in this package illustrate the process.

Note that you always have to place RPCProxy.tsk on the SMT363 module. Each task that you place on the network of processors will have at least 1 input and 1 output port. And each task on the network of processors should have their input and output channels connected to the proxy task as shown.

5.1. DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

The SMT6060 installs into the structure shown below. The examples directories contain a number of examples that illustrate how to use the SMT6060 libraries. The include folder contains the shared header files that are used by the examples.

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The lib folder contains the all important sockapi.lib file that you need to link your tasks to.

😫 net2dsp			
Ble Edit View Favorites Tools He	þ		*
🚯 Back 🔹 🕤 👌 🔎 Search	Nolders	Google G+	🕶 💀 🕥 Settings 🕶 Links 🍟
Folders	× Name -		Size Type
appnotes pet2dap pet2dap docs pet2dap docs			File Folde File Folde
0	~ <		>
2 objects (Disk free space: 107 GB)		0 bytes	My Computer

Figure 11 -SMT6060-TCPIP Directory Structure

5.2. THE SOCKET API LIBRARY

The socket API implemented for each of the node processors requires an initialization in each task before use. The **sock_init**() call is provided for this purpose. This call accepts two of the (CHAN *) arguments which were provided by the 3L loader to the main() for the task. The function below shows an extract from the DSP task's code.

```
int argc, char *argv[], char *envp[],
int main(
            CHAN * in_ports[], int ins,
            CHAN *out_ports[], int outs )
{
    ** initialize socket API
    This is a major component of the Ethernet support.
                                                          This routine
     will create threads and allocate message buffers to support the
     "sockapi.h" functions.
    * /
    sockapi_init = sock_init( in_ports[0], out_ports[0]);
    if( sockapi_init != 0 )
        printf(": sockapi init failure");
        thread_stop();
    }
    •••
```

An example of a 3L Diamond configuration file is shown below. This file shows the case of two Sundance modules used as the embedded system. The root processor is a SMT395_VP30 and the node is the SMT363.

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Page 19 of 19



Note: This hardware configuration is used for all of the examples installed with this package.

The "option noloadcheck" is required to avoid the host from failing to load the Diamond application because the SMT363 will take some time to configure itself after a reset.

The "Wire" statement tells Diamond that there is an electrical connection between the SMT395 and SMT363 in the form of a comport. T1C1 -> T2C4

Next follows the connection and placement of the node task (echod in this case) to the RPCProxy task on the SMT363.

PROCESSOR root SMT395_VP30 PROCESSOR node SMT363XC2_2 option noloadcheck

WIRE ? root[CP:1] node[CP:4]

upr MAX=65408 BUFFERS=16

task rpcproxy ins=1 outs=1 stack=128K heap=? TASK echod ins=2 outs=1 stack=128K heap=56M

connect ? rpcproxy[0] echod[0]
connect ? echod[0] rpcproxy[0]

place rpcproxy node PLACE echod root Revision 0.4 Page 20 of 20



6. EXAMPLES

6.1. BACKGROUND

The folder *smt6060-tcpip**examples* contains a number of examples. Some of these examples run on the host machine, and some of them run on the embedded network.



Figure 12 - Example System Diagram

6.2. BEFORE YOU START

The examples are distributed assuming 1 node module (SMT395_VP30) and the SMT363.

PROCESSOR root SMT395_VP30 PROCESSOR node SMT363XC2_2

You need to change the configuration files of the individual examples to reflect the hardware you have. Also, make sure you have the relevant wire statements and that the physical wires have been connected between processors.

The examples are using a wire connection between TIM1 comport 1 and TIM2 comport 4. This comport connection is available on the SMT310Q carrier board by selecting it with the SmtBoardInfo application.

Revision 0.4 Page 21 of 21



Comport switching metrix	Additional settings
TIM1 3+ 1+ 2+ 0 4 5 3 1 2 3 1 2	Hostcomport TIC3 C-But
3 1 2 0+ +3 +3 +1 +2 THM2 THM2	Note that connecting the host comport to TTC3 disables the connection between TTC3 and T203.
TIM4 TIM3	 Restore switch settings butomatically

Figure 13 - SMT6060-TCPIP Boardinfo application

6.3. BUILDING THE EXAMPLES

The examples all use the standard socket API. You build and run the examples using 3L Diamond. To build an application, open the relevant *dsp* directory. For example. *smt6060-tcpip\examples\echod\dsp*

And run nmake from a command line.

The output file is produced in the output directory that is created for that purpose.

For example: *smt6060-tcpip**examples**echod**output*

Note: The examples under "clients" and "servers" are all build using make.exe and not nmake.exe.

6.4. RUNNING THE EXAMPLES

All examples are run using the 3L Diamond server application. This server application is used to display printf type messages from the running application. Note that it is possible to build "stand-alone" applications that does not communicate with the Diamond server. In those cases, you will have to remove any STDIO type functions from the example. See the 3L Diamond documentation for more information.

Note: If you do build your applications as stand-alone, then you will still be able to use HyperTerminal and the RS232 port to print debug information.

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6.5. ECHOD EXAMPLE

This example demonstrates a telnet/ECHO server application. A task on a DSP node initializes the sockets API, opens a listening socket and then proceeds to handle inbound connections in a single-threaded "select loop" style. Multiple connections are possible, and each connection will be serviced through the select-loop.

Upon a connection, the echo server will print a banner identifying the connection addresses and the current time (the DSP does not have access to the host's clock in standalone mode). Following that, every character received by the server will be echo-ed back.

Build and run echo.app.

Note the IP address of your SMT363 by looking at the output displayed in the HyperTerminal window.

On your development machine, run a telnet command and open a connection to the SMT363 module by specifying its IP address. (Also select port 1).

You should see something similar to this in your telnet session window:

Connected to echo server @192.128.64.3:1 from 192.128.64.3:1622 Mon Jan 1 00:01:41 1900

At this point, any keys you type to the telnet session will be echoed back from the SMT363 network.

Connected to echo server @192.128.64.3:1 from 192.128.64.3:1622 Mon Jan 1 00:01:41 1900 ffoorr eexxaammppllee

6.6. FTPD EXAMPLE

This example demonstrates an FTP server application. A task on a DSP node initializes the sockets API, and then initializes a daemon to listen on inbound FTP connections. Each daemon listens on a different port number, thus creating a number of independent FTP servers on various ports.

By default, the first ftpd will listen on the canonical FTP control port, 21.

The higher-numbered daemons will listen on ports separated by 1000, respectively.

Build and run ftpd.app and wait until the SMT363 has obtained an IP address.

Now open an FTP session to the IP address of the SMT363. For example:

ftp> open 192.128.64.6 Connected to 192.128.64.6. 220 RTEMS FTP server (Version 1.1-JWJ) ready. User (192.128.64.6:(none)): me 230 User logged in. ftp>

Log in (the user name doesn't matter).

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Revision 0.4

Page 23 of 23



Because the example doesn't actually implement a file system on the SMT363 we emulate a simple file system by providing a file "test1". To test, execute a get command like this:

ftp> get test1
200 PORT command successful.
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection.

6.7. RECV EXAMPLE

This example demonstrates a simple socket receive application. A task on a DSP node initializes the sockets API, and then proceeds to use standard socket semantics to open a port and read a quantity of bytes from a remotely networked machine.

For this example, we used an SMTP mail server's address. You need to change "smt6060-tcpip/examples/recv/dsp/socktest.c".

#define CONFIG_INET_ADDR "207.22.44.49"
#define CONFIG INET PORT "25"

to values appropriate for your network. In the above example, the test will open a socket to an SMTP port (mail server) and read the header that is offered. You can make sure that a target machine is ready, by simply telnet-ing to it.

Next, build and run recv.app. You should see output similar to this on your 3L Diamond server.

🜌 #2 Diamond Server:C:\smt6060\smt6060-tcpip-v0p5p7-sr	c\smt6060-tcpip\e 📃 🔲 🔀
Ble Go Yew Board Help	
😅 🕨 🗉 🖻 🖉 💆 🕈	
	<u>^</u>
: BEGIN : sockapi initialized ok Received: 99 bytes from 192.128.64.129 Received: 220 solar.sundance.com Microsoft ESM	MTP MAIL Service, Versi
	>
Ready	SMT3100[0]

Figure 14 - SMT6060-TCPIP RECV Example Output

6.8. **RECVC EXAMPLE**

This example illustrates a simple receive client. You need to run a sender server on your development machine.

In the folder *smt6060-tcpip\examples\servers\sender* run the command

sender 1

sender: listening on 0.0.0.0:1 ...

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sender: connect from 192.128.64.6:1591 [8192 sndbuf]
sender: continuous send
send: No error
sender: 10010624 bytes in 18.000 sec (4.449 Mbps)
sender: stats min=8192 max=8192 avg=8192 cnt=1222
sender: listening on 0.0.0.0:1 ...

This will run the sender server application on your development machine.

Next you need to build the DSP application. Before you do, change the value in recvc.c to the IP address of the development machine where the sender server is running.

#define CONFIG_IP_ADDR "192.128.64.3" // address of server Next, build and run the recvc.app file on the DSP.



Figure 15 -SMT6060-TCPIP Recvc Example Output

The receiver client application will open a connection to the sender server and exchange data with it.

6.9. RECVD EXAMPLE

This example demonstrates a recv() socket server application running on the DSP network. A daemon task on a DSP node initializes the sockets API, and then listens on a socket to inbound TCP/IP connections. Each task listens on a different port number, thus creating a number of independent receiver servers on various ports.

Build and run the recvd.app application on the DSP network. Wait until the SMT363 has obtained an IP address, and the application is running.

Next, in the folder smt6060-tcpip\examples\clients\sender, run sender.exe and specify the IP address of the SMT363 as well as port 1. (The third parameter is the number of bytes to transfer during the test) sender 192.128.64.6 1 100000

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Page 25 of 25



sender: connecting to 192.128.64.6:1 ... sender: connected to 192.128.64.6:1 [8192 sndbuf] sender: 100000 maximum bytes to send send: No error sender: 100000 bytes in 1.000 sec (0.800 Mbps) sender: stats min=1696 max=8192 avg=7692 cnt=13

The Diamond server should be displaying an output similar to this:



Figure 16 - SMT6060-TCPIP Recvc Example Output

The sender client application connects to the recvd server application running on the SMT363 and exchanges data with it.

6.10. SENDC EXAMPLE

This application is a simple sender client implemented on the DSP network. To run, make sure you have the receiver server running on your development machine.

smt6060-tcpip\examples\servers\receiver

```
receiver 1
receiver: listening on 0.0.0.0:1 ...
receiver: connect from 192.128.64.6:1646 [8192 rcvbuf]
receiver: continuous recv
recv: No error
receiver: 10000000 bytes in 7.000 sec (11.429 Mbps)
receiver: stats min=292 max=4380 avg=1453 cnt=6879
receiver: listening on 0.0.0.0:1 ...
```

The client application running on the DSP will connect to a sender server to exchange data with it.

In sendc.c, change the value

#define CONFIG_IP_ADDR "192.128.64.3" // address of server

to the address of where the receiver server is running, and rebuild the DSP application.

Now run sendc.app.

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Figure 17 - SMT6060-TCPIP Sendc Example Output

6.11. SENDD EXAMPLE

This example demonstrates an send() socket server application. A daemon task on a DSP node initializes the sockets API, and then listens on a socket to inbound TCP/IP connections. Each task listens on a different port number, thus creating a number of independent send servers on various ports.

Build and run the DSP application.



Figure 18 -SMT6060-TCPIP Sendc Example Output

smt6060-tcpip\examples\clients\receiver

Now run a receiver client instance on your development machine, and specify the IP address of the SMT363. (The third parameter is the number of bytes to use during the test)

192.128.64.6 1 10000 receiver receiver: 192.128.64.6:1 connecting to 192.128.64.6:1 [8192 receiver: rcvbuf] connected to receiver: 10000 maximum bytes to recv recv: No error receiver: 10000 bytes in 0.000 sec (0.000 Mbps) receiver: stats min=1240 max=1460 avg=1428 cnt=7 Sundance Digital Signal Processing Inc.

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Page 27 of 27



During this test, the receiver client application connected with the sender server application and exchanged data with it.

6.12. MULTIC EXAMPLE

This is a multi client example. It make use of the sendc and recvc tasks, so you need to have build those before attempting to build this example. The configuration file for this example places a single instance of both the sendc and recvc tasks on the embedded network.

You need to run the sender and receiver server programs on your development machine.

```
sender 12601
sender: listening on 0.0.0.0:12601 ...
sender: connect from 192.128.64.6:2122 [8192 sndbuf]
sender: continuous send
receiver 12701
receiver: listening on 0.0.0.0:12701 ...
receiver: connect from 192.128.64.6:1865 [8192 rcvbuf]
receiver: continuous recv
```

Build and run the multic application. You should see output similar to that shown below.



Figure 19 - SMT6060-TCPIP Multic Example Output

Note that the port values 12601 and 12701 are specified in the configuration file for the application. The technique used is to bind values to the input ports of a task. Refer to the 3L Diamond user guide for more information.

6.13. MULTID EXAMPLE

This example illustrates a multi daemon application running on the embedded system. It uses the sendd and recvd tasks, so please ensure that you have build those prior to building this application.

Build and run the multid application.

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Figure 20 - SMT6060-TCPIP Multid Example Output

Take note of the IP address that has been assigned to the SMT363 module, by looking at the output displayed on the HyperTerminal window.

Run an instance of the sender client, and specify the IP address of the SMT363 and port 12401 as shown.

```
sender 192.128.64.6 12401
sender: connecting to 192.128.64.6:12401 ...
sender: connected to 192.128.64.6:12401 [8192 sndbuf]
sender: continuous send
```

Likewise, run an instance of the receiver client as shown

```
receiver 192.128.64.6 12301
receiver: connecting to 192.128.64.6:12301 ...
receiver: connected to 192.128.64.6:12301 [8192 rcvbuf]
receiver: continuous recv
```

Note that the port numbers 12401 and 12301 are specified in the configuration file of this application.

6.14. SMT363 AS NETWORK INTERFACE EXAMPLE

The folder **\appnotes \net2dsp** contains an example application that configures the SMT363 as a network interface so that a programming running elsewhere on the network can remotely boot and run programs on the embedded network. The Net2Dsp application has been developed with the SMT6060.

The idea is that the SMT363 becomes a "dumb" module that does not participate in the Diamond network directly. The SMT363's flash is programmed with the net2dsp application, and this application starts running immediately once the module has been reset. One of the comports of the SMT363 is selected to be used to talk to the rest of the embedded network. This essentially replaces the "host comport".

Revision 0.4 Page 29 of 29





Figure 21 - SMT6060-TCPIP SMT363 Configuration as Network Interface

Note: This technique can be used to run the Diamond server on a notebook computer connected to the Ethernet of a stand-alone carrier board.

The net2dsp application implements a simple server that accepts connections from network applications. The network application then sends instructions to the server. The instructions could be:

- 1. Write data to a comport of the SMT363
- 2. Read data from a comport of the SMT363

All transactions take the form of a data structure like this:

```
typedef struct {
    int device;
    int cmd;
    int bytes;
} command;
```

"device" refers to which Diamond channel (and indirectly which comport) should be used for the operation.

"cmd" indicates read or write from device. (0 = read, and 1 = write)

"bytes" selects how many bytes to read or write.

6.15. CONFIGURING THE HOST

The host application is build into the Sundance host driver software. You activate the host functionality by making a number of entries into the registry of the machine where you wish to run the host software.

The key

$HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE \ SOFTWARE \ SmtDrv \ ethernet$

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Shown below needs to contain the following values:

E Registry Editor				
Be Edit View Revortes Help	•	Name PCefault) Pcomport Pp Pcomport	Type RE6_S2 RE6_DWORD RE6_S2 RE6_DWORD	Data (value not set) 0x00000005 (5) 192.128.64.6 0x000004d2 (1234)
Settings	v	<		
My Computer'(HEY_LOCAL_MACHINE'(SOFTWARE'(SontDrv/wthemet				

Figure 22 - SMT6060-TCPIP Configuring the Host

"comport" specifies which of the SMT363 comports you are using as a host comport. Valid values are 1,2,3 or 4.

"ip" specifies the IP address of the SMT363 module that you wish this host application to connect to.

"port" must be 1234 decimal.

When you have these values configured on the host machine, you should see a new hardware board called "Ethernet" appear. For example.

Board Info. Su	ndance N Special H	Aultiproces Hp	sor Technol	ogy Ltd.		
Boerd type Ethernet	Ok.	U/O Base 0x0	EEPROM Ver 0.00	Ok	CPLD Ver0.00	<u>Status</u> On
Reset Boards						OK

Figure 23 - SMT6060-TCPIP Boardinfo Host Configuration

Any access you now make from a host program is now going to go thought the Ethernet to the SMT363 comport you selected. Note that reset is not implemented, and that you will need to ensure that you reset the embedded system each time before loading an application to it. (This is typically done with a switch on the stand alone board.)

Note. The net2dsp application can be provided to customers that do not use 3L Diamond.

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6.16. CONFIGURING THE SMT363

To enable the SMT363 to automatically run the net2dsp application when the module is reset, use the SMT6001 flash programming utility from Sundance, and add the net2dsp.app file.

🔻 Sundance Flash Programmi	ng Utility							Ð	<
CPUs	General Userbio	nden D	ynemics	Advanced	1				
	Тури	Ы	Index	Bytes	Ver	Date		Filename	
	Rav date Rav date Rav date Applicati.	bx450 bx850 bxC50 bx0	0 1 2 3	54420 1632 20 100816	0.0 0.0 1.0 1.0	15/11/2006 15/11/2006 15/11/2008 N/A	15.03 15:03 15:25	Ctysen6068 Ctysen6068 Ctysen6068 Ctysen6068	
	18								
	844		jdr.	Deter		Tourie.		lo vint	
							-	Conveit	
Holp						Cancel		0K	

Figure 24 - SMT6060-TCPIP Using the Flash Utility

Mark the entry as bootable to ensure that it is loaded automatically when the module is reset.

D	0.0	Version 1 0
Туре	3L Diamond application	•
Pierarre	C:\smt8050\smt6060-tcpip	-v0p5p7-arc\am480604cpip\ap
	Boottron ROM	El Bigerdes

Figure 25 - SMT6060-TCPIP Marking the Bootable file

Revision 0.4 Page 32 of 32



7. ACCESS TO THE SERIAL PORT OF THE NET50

SockAPI.lib provides the following functions to access the serial port of the NET50.

int serial232_port_in(char * buf, int bytes); int serial232_port_printf(const char *fmt, ...); int serial232_port_out(const char *B, int bytes);

These functions can be used by any task on the network of DSPs to access the serial RS232 port of the NET50. This allows developers to output debug information on the terminal window connected to the RS232.