Unit / Module Description:	FPGA-only module SDK
Unit / Module Number:	SMT1026
Document Issue Number:	
Issue Date:	
Original Author:	Emilie Wheatley

User Manual for SMT1026

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Certificate Number FM55022

Revision History

Issue	Changes Made	Date	Initials

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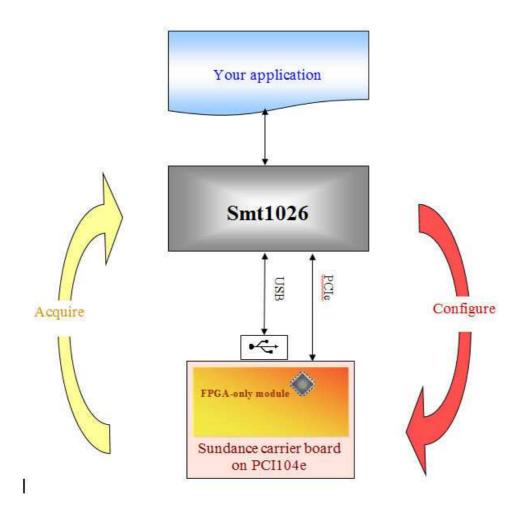
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1 Introduction

This section gives a brief description of the SMT1026 package.

The SMT1026 is a SDK for Windows.

The SMT1026 is an efficient, ready to use, host side interface to Sundance FPGA-only module. It allows you to control the FPGA-only modules from the host as well as to exchange data between the host and the module on the first site of the Sundance carrier board.



The figure above shows the **SMT1026** forming the link between your application and the Sundance hardware in your system. The **SMT1026** hides the details of the device driver, allowing you to concentrate on the development process.

1.1 SMT1026 main features

This section lists the main characteristics of the SMT1026 package.

The SMT1026 SDK:

- Accelerate your development time by providing ready-to-use library of functions.
- Configure the FPGA from the Host.
- Transfer data from the FPGA-only module to the Host.
- Control the data acquisition on the daughter modules from the Host.
- Give you a basic framework for more complex custom systems.
- Provide you with C++ type interfaces to the FPGA-only modules.

1.2 Supported Hardware

The SMT1026 currently supports the following carrier boards:

Carrier board	Description	Functionality
SMT100	SLB carrier, Virtex 5, 512Mbytes DDR2, USB2, RS232, MicroSD/Transflash, 4- lane and 1-lane PCIe interface, 32-bit 33MHz PCI, cable PCIe connector	Full support
SMT101	SLB carrier, Virtex 5, 512Mbytes DDR2, USB2, RS232, MicroSD/Transflash, 4- lane and 1-lane PCIe interface, 8 channel 12-bit ADC, 32-bit 33 MHz PCI	Full support
SMT105	SLB carrier, Virtex 5, 512Mbytes DDR2, USB2, RS232, MicroSD/Transflash, 4- lane and 1-lane PCIe interface, 3 banks of QDRII memory 72 Mbit, 2x Fibre modules	Full support

The SMT1026 currently supports the following FPGA-only module:

Carrier board	Description
SMT350	Dual ADC/DAC module at 500MSPS
SMT351	1GB memory module
SMT370	Dual channel ADC/DAC
SMT381	Dual 14-bit DAC module at 1GSPS
SMT384	Quad 14-bit ADC module at 125MSPS
SMT390	Dual 12-bit ADC module at 210MSPs
SMT391	Dual 8-bit ADC module at 1GSPS
SMT941	4 channel 14-bit ADC at 250 MHz

2 Getting started

This section will help you to get started:

- Abbreviations
- Prerequisites
- Software Installation

2.1 Abbreviations

The following **abbreviations** will be used through the all document:

FPGA	Field-Programmable Gate Array
CPLD	Complex PLDs
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
PLD	Programmable Logic Device
SMT	Sundance Multiprocessor Technology Ltd.
TIM	Texas Instruments Module

2.2 Prerequisites

The language C++ is used for the software interfaces. Even if you are not familiar with C++, you should be able to find your way by referring to the samples. The samples have been compiled and tested with Microsoft Visual Studio 2010, express edition.

2.3 Software Installation

This section describes how to install the SMT1026 package.

- From CD
- Visual Studio Configuration
- <u>Visual Studio 2010 Configuration</u>

2.3.1 Software Installation From CD

Insert the SMT1026 CD into your CD drive. The setup program should start automatically; if it doesn't you can start it yourself by opening an Explorer window, browsing to the CD, and then double-clicking *setup.exe*. The installation program will give you the option of installing samples. We recommend that you become familiar with the SMT1026 by installing and reviewing the sample code.

The default directory is "C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT1026".

The applications need access to *smtFPGA.h* and *smtFPGA.lib*. You need to arrange that these files can be found during compilation and linking. We strongly recommend that you do not make copies of these files, but access them from the installation directory. See the <u>Visual Studio Configuration</u> for more details.

2.3.2 Visual Studio Configuration

The installation process configures the examples to compile and link correctly without any user intervention. However, for your own applications, you need to configure visual studio to add the paths to the **include** and **lib** directories to your compiler options.

You do this as follows:

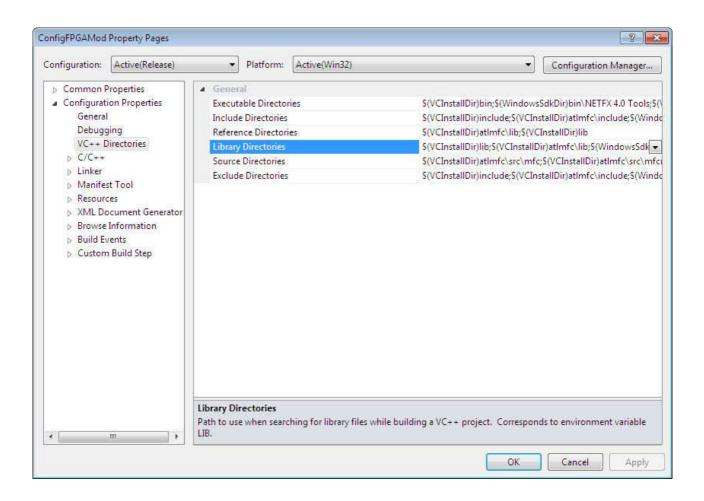
- Open Visual studio.
- Select "Tools->Options" from the menu.
- Select the "Directories" tab.
- Select "Include files" from the "Show directories for" drop down list.
- Add the path to the include directory for the SMT1026 installation to the list of directories.
- Select "Library files" from the "Show directories for" drop down list.
- Add the path to the library files for the SMT1026 to the to the list of directories.

2.3.3 Visual Studio express 2010 Configuration

The installation process configures the examples to compile and link correctly without any user intervention. However, for your own applications, you need to configure visual studio to add the paths to the **include** and **lib** directories to your compiler options.

You do this as follows:

- Open Visual studio express 2010.
- Select "**Project->Properties**" from the menu.
- Select the "VC++ Directories" in "Configuration properties" on the left of the window.
- Select "Include directories" on the right of the window.
- Add the path to the include directory for the SMT1026 installation to the list of directories, as shown below.
- Select "Library directories" on the right of the window.
- Add the path to the library files for the SMT1026 to the list of directories.



3 Software

This section describes the functionality of the SMT1026 package.

3.1 Interface Mechanism

The design makes use of a C++ style interface pointer to the hardware.

SmtFPGA.dll exports functions that gather information about the installed boards and provide an interface pointer for later use.

To use the SMT1026, you need to:

- Obtain an interface pointer to the hardware by calling SmtxxxOpen(unsigned int nIndex = 0).
- Use the interface pointer to call functions related to the hardware.

Example:

// Open the SMT391 library IFSmt391 *pSmt391 = Smt391Open(0); pSmt391->ResetTIMs();

// Configure the FPGA

pSmt391->ConfigureFPGA(BITSTREAM, QUICK_CONF);

3.2 Functions exported by SmtFPGA.dll

This section describes each of the functions exported by SmtFPGA.dll. These functions are described in the header file *IFSmtFPGA.h*.

- <u>SmtFPGAOpen</u>
- SmtFPGAClose
- <u>Smt3500pen</u>
- <u>Smt350Close</u>
- <u>Smt3510pen</u>
- Smt351Close
- <u>Smt3700pen</u>
- Smt370Close
- <u>Smt3840pen</u>
- <u>Smt384Close</u>
- <u>Smt3900pen</u>
- <u>Smt390Close</u>
- <u>Smt3910pen</u>
- <u>Smt391Close</u>
- <u>Smt9410pen</u>
- <u>Smt941Close</u>

The following functions can be used to get information about the carrier board.

- <u>SmtGetBoardCount</u>
- <u>SmtGetBoardIndex</u>
- <u>SmtGetBoardInfo</u>
- <u>SmtGetError</u>

Functions to access the interfaces

SmtFPGAOpen

Prototype: IFSmtFPGA * SmtFPGAOpen(unsigned int nIndex=0);

Parameters: <u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which the FPGA-only module is plugged in.

Return value: The return value is a pointer to an FPGA-only module interface. **Notes:** This function obtains an interface to any FPGA-only module plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

SmtFPGAClose

- Prototype: void SmtFPGAClose(IFSmtFPGA *p);
- **Parameters:** <u>p</u> Pointer to the FPGA-only module interface.
- Return None.

Notes: This function closes the FPGA-only module interface.

Smt3500pen

- Prototype: IFSmt350 * Smt3500pen(unsigned int nIndex=0);
- **Parameters:** <u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which theSmt350 is plugged in.
- **Return** The return value is a pointer to an Smt350 interface.
- **Notes:** This function obtains an interface to an Smt350 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

Smt350Close

- Prototype: void Smt350Close(IFSmt350 *p);
- **Parameters:** <u>p</u> Pointer to theSmt350 interface.
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function closes the Smt350 interface.

Smt3510pen

- Prototype: IFSmt351 * Smt351Open(unsigned int nIndex=0);
- **Parameters:** <u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which the Smt351 is plugged in.
- **Return** The return value is a pointer to an Smt351 interface.
- **Notes:** This function obtains an interface to an Smt351 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

	Smt351Close	
Prototype:	<pre>void Smt351Close(IFSmt351 *p);</pre>	
Parameters:	p Pointer to the Smt351 interface.	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function closes the Smt351 interface.	
	Smt3700pen	
Prototype:	IFSmt370 * Smt3700pen(unsigned int nIndex=0);	
Parameters:	<u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which the Smt370 is plugged in.	
Return value:	The return value is a pointer to an Smt370 interface.	
Notes:	This function obtains an interface to an Smt370 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.	
	Cm+2700lass	
	Smt370Close	
Prototype:	<pre>void Smt370Close(IFSmt370 *p);</pre>	
Parameters:		
	p Pointer to the Smt370 interface.	
Return value:	<u>p</u> Pointer to the Smt370 interface. None.	
	← 	
value:	None. This function closes the Smt370 interface.	
value: Notes:	None. This function closes the Smt370 interface.	
value: Notes: Prototype:	<pre>None. This function closes the Smt370 interface. Smt384Open IFSmt384 * Smt384Open(unsigned int nIndex=0);</pre>	
value: Notes: Prototype:	<pre>None. This function closes the Smt370 interface. Smt384Open IFSmt384 * Smt384Open(unsigned int nIndex=0);</pre>	

Notes: This function obtains an interface to an Smt384 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

Smt384Close

Prototype: void Smt384Close(IFSmt384 *p);

Parameters: <u>p</u> Pointer to the Smt384 interface.

Return None.

Notes: This function closes the Smt384 interface.

Smt3900pen

Prototype: IFSmt390 * Smt3900pen(unsigned int nIndex=0);

Parameters: <u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which the Smt390 is plugged in.

- **Return** The return value is a pointer to an Smt390 interface.
- **Notes:** This function obtains an interface to an Smt390 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

Smt390Close

- Prototype: void Smt390Close(IFSmt390 *p);
- **Parameters:** <u>p</u> Pointer to the Smt390 interface.
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function closes the Smt390 interface.

Smt3910pen

- Prototype: IFSmt391 * Smt391Open(unsigned int nIndex=0);
- **Parameters:** <u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which the Smt391 is plugged in.
- **Return value:** The return value is a pointer to an Smt391 interface.
- **Notes:** This function obtains an interface to an Smt391 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

Smt391Close

- Prototype: void Smt350Close(IFSmt391 *p);
- **Parameters:** <u>p</u> Pointer to the Smt391 interface.
- Return None.

Notes:	This function	closes the	Smt391	interface.
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	Smt9410pen
Prototype:	IFSmt941 * Smt9410pen(unsigned int nIndex=0);
Parameters:	<u>nIndex</u> Index of the carrier board on which the Smt941 is plugged in.
Return value:	The return value is a pointer to an Smt941 interface.
Notes:	This function obtains an interface to an Smt941 plugged in the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.
	Smt941Close
Prototype:	<pre>void Smt941Close(IFSmt941 *p);</pre>
Parameters:	p Pointer to the Smt941 interface.
Return value:	None.
Notes:	This function closes the Smt941 interface.

Functions to get information about the carrier board

	SmtGetBoardCount
Prototype:	DWORD SmtGetBoardCount(void);
Parameters:	None.
Return value:	The return value is the number of carrier board found.
Notes:	This function returns the number of Sundance carrier boards found in the system.
	SmtGetBoardIndex
Prototype:	<pre>INT SmtGetBoardIndex(UINT nBaseAddress);</pre>
Parameters:	nBaseAddress Base address of the board to open.
Return	The return value is the board index.

value:

Parameters:

Notes: This function returns an index to the board at the base address nBaseAddress. If no board is found, the function returns -1.

SmtGetBoardInfo

Prototype: SMTRet SmtGetBoardInfo(UINT nIndex, SMTBI& info);

<u>nIndex</u> Index of the board to return information about.

<u>info</u> The information structure to populate.

Return value: The return value is the board index.

Notes: This function returns information about the carrier board specified by nIndex.

SmtGetError

- Prototype: const char * SmtGetError(SMTRet Error);
- Parameters: Error Value to translate into a string.
- **Return** The return value is an error string.
- **Notes:** This function returns a string description of the error specified by Error.

3.3 Sundance Hardware Interface Description

Once an interface to the hardware has been obtained by calling

<u>SmtXXXOpen(unsigned int nIndex=0)</u>, the interface allows you to access the FPGA-only module functions.

- General interface
- Smt350 interface
- Smt370 interface
- Smt351 interface
- Smt381 interface
- Smt384 interface
- Smt390 interface
- <u>Smt391 interface</u>
- Smt941 interface

3.3.1 General interface

The general interface can be used with any FPGA-only module plugged in a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the general functions
 - <u>ConfigureFPGA</u>
 - HostRead
 - HostWrite
 - HostCancel
 - <u>WriteCtrlWord</u>
 - <u>StoreDataToFile</u>
 - <u>CallbackSet</u>
 - <u>CallbackGet</u>
 - <u>ResetTIMs</u>
 - <u>ResetBoard</u>
 - <u>GenSig</u>
 - <u>SetTimeout</u>
 - <u>GetTimeout</u>
- the general structures
 - <u>TEMP</u>
 - <u>SN</u>
 - FILE OPTIONS
- the general enumerated types
 - <u>CHSEL</u>
 - <u>OUTPUT</u>
 - <u>VCXOTYPE</u>
 - HOST LINK
 - DATAFORMAT

The general functions

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

	ConfigureFPGA	
Prototype:	roid ConfigureFPGA(const char *pBitstream, bo QuickConf=false);	ol
	Bitstream FPGA bitstream	
Parameters:	<u>True</u> : Reset the FPGA. The FPGA has to be fully configured <u>QuickConf</u> least once before using this option.	at

False: Configure fully the FPGA. (default)

Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function configures the FPGA of the FPGA-only module plugged in the first TIM slot of the Sundance carrier board.	
	HostRead	
Prototype:	<pre>void HostRead(void *pBuf, unsigned int nBytes, HOST_LINK hostlink=cp);</pre>	
	<u>pBuf</u> Buffer that receives the data.	
Parameters:	<u>nBytes</u> Size of the data to read.	
	$\frac{hostlink}{hostlink}$ Communication link on which to read the data. Host comport per default. (See struct <u>HOST_LINK</u>).	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function reads data from the carrier board.	
	HostWrite	
Prototype:	<pre>void HostWrite(void *pBuf, unsigned int nBytes, HOST_LINK hostlink=cp);</pre>	
	<u>pBuf</u> Buffer that contains the data to write.	
Parameters:	<u>nBytes</u> Size of the data to write.	
	$\frac{hostlink}{default}$ Communication link on which to write the data. Host comport per default. (See enum <u>HOST_LINK</u>).	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function writes data to the carrier board.	
	HostCancel	
Prototype:	<pre>void HostCancel(HOST_LINK hostlink=cp);</pre>	
Parameters:	$\frac{hostlink}{default}$ Communication link on which to write the data. Host comport per default. (See enum <u>HOST_LINK</u>).	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function cancels pending read/write operations.	

WriteCtrlWord

Prototype: void WriteCtrlWord(unsigned int nCtrl);

Parameters: nCtrl Control word to send.

Return None.

Notes: This function sends a control word to the FPGA-only module on the first TIM slot of a Sundance carrier board.

StoreDataToFile

void StoreDataToFile(const char *pcFile, void *pBuf, unsigned int nBytes, unsigned int nNoOfBit, FILE_OPTIONS *=0);

- <u>pcFile</u> Name of the file where the data will be saved.
- <u>pBuf</u> Buffer containing the data.
- <u>nBytes</u> Size of the data.

Parameters:

- <u>nNoOfBit</u> Number of relevant bits per word. This value is used to mask each word saved in the file.
 - <u>pFileOpt</u> Structure which contains the extra file options (append data, add date and time). (See struct <u>FILE OPTIONS</u>).
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function stores data into a file.

CallbackSet

- Prototype: void CallbackSet(SMTFPGACALLBACK pf, void *user);
- <u>pf</u> Callback function. **Parameters:**
 - <u>user</u> User specified callback value.
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function sets the function that is to be called when words are sent to the FPGA module.

CallbackGet

Prototype: void CallbackGet(SMTFPGACALLBACK pf, void *user);

D	<u>pf</u>	Callback function.		
Parameters:	<u>user</u>	User specified callback value.		
Return value:	None.			
Notes:		This function gets the function that is to be called when words are sent to the FPGA module.		
	Reset	TIMs		
Prototype:	void H	ResetTIMs(void);		
Parameters:	None.			
Return value:	None.			
Notes:	This fu	nction resets the TIMs on the carrier board.		
	ResetBoard			
Drototymou				
Prototype:	<pre>void ResetBoard(void);</pre>			
Parameters:	None.			
Return value:	None.			
Notes:	This function resets the carrier board.			
	GenSi	g		
Prototype:	void GenSig(SIGGEN type, int nAmp, float fSamplingFreq, float fSigFreq, unsigned int *pBuf, int nBytes);			
	<u>type</u>	Type of signal to generate (See <u>SIGGEN</u>).		
	<u>nAmp</u>	Signal amplitude.		
Davamatava	fSamplingFreq Sampling frequency.			
Parameters:	<u>fSigFre</u>	g Signal frequency.		
	<u>pBuf</u>	Buffer for the signal data.		
	<u>nBytes</u>	Size of the buffer in bytes.		
Return value:	None.			

Notes: This function generates a signal.

SetTimeou	t
-----------	---

Prototype: void SetTimeout(unsigned int n);

Parameters: <u>n</u> Value of the timeout in ms. If 0 the timeout is not set and the comport and RSL functions will never return if they fail.

Return None.

Notes: This function changes the value of the timeout for the comport and RSL functions. Unless really necessary the user is not advised to use this function.

GetTimeout

Prototype: unsigned int GetTimeout(void);

- Parameters: None.
- **Return** value: The current value of the timeout.
- **Notes:** This function returns the current value of the timeout for the comport and RSL functions.

The general structures

struct TEMP		
unsigned int nAir	Temperature measured on the base module such as an SMT338VP.	
unsigned int nFPGA	Temperature measured on the FPGA of the base module.	
unsigned in nDaughter_Air	t Temperature measured on the daughter module.	
unsigned in nDaughter_ADC	t Temperature measured on the ADCs of the daughter module.	

struct SN		
unsigned int nNoA	Serial number A of the base module.	
unsigned int nNoB	Serial number B of the base module.	

unsigned	int	nNoC	Serial number C of the base module.
unsigned	int	nNoD	Serial number D of the base module.
unsigned	int	nDaughterNoA	Serial number A of the daughter module.
unsigned	int	nDaughterNoB	Serial number B of the daughter module.
unsigned	int	nDaughterNoC	Serial number C of the daughter module.
unsigned	int	nDaughterNoD	Serial number D of the daughter module.

struct FILE_OPTIONS		
bool bAppend	True = append data at the end of the file. False = overwrite the file. The default value is false.	
bool bDateStamp	True = add date and time before writing the data. False = don't add the date and time inside the file. The default value is false.	

The general enumerated types

Enumerated types	Description
<pre>enum CHSEL { channela = 1, channelb = 2, channelab= 3 };</pre>	Selects the active channel.
<pre>enum OUTPUT { normal = 0, zeros = 1, ones = 2, test = 3 };</pre>	Selects the type of the output samples.
enum VCXOTYPE { vcxo100 = 0, vcxo245 = 1 };	Selects the VCXO installed on the FPGA module: 100Mhz or 245.76 MHz
enum HOST_LINK { cp = 0, rsl = 1 };	The host application can always communicate with the Sundance carrier boards through the host comport. But some carrier board offers other communication link like the RSL link. This enumerated type selects the host link used to communicate with the Sundance carrier board.

<pre>enum DATAFORMAT { binary = 0, complement2 = 1 };</pre>	Selects the format of the output samples.
<pre>enum SIGGEN { sine = 0, triangle = 1, square = 2, ramp_pos = 3, ramp_neg = 4 };</pre>	Selects the shape of the signal to generate.

3.3.2 SMT350 interface

The SMT350 interface can be used with a SMT350 plugged in a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the SMT350 functions
 - <u>ResetDevices</u>
 - <u>ConfigureADCReg</u>
 - <u>ConfigureADCClock</u>
 - <u>Acquire</u>
- the SMT350 structures
 - <u>CLKMODE350</u>
 - <u>SETDAC</u>
 - <u>SETCLK</u>
- the SMT350 enumerated types
 - <u>SMT350TYPE</u>
 - <u>SAMPLING RATIO</u>

The SMT350 functions

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

ResetDevices

Prototype: void ResetDevices(SMT350TYPE smt350type=cdcm7005);

Parameters: <u>smt350type</u> Select the SMT350 type: CDCM7005 or AD9510. (See enum <u>SMT350TYPE</u>).

Return value:	None.		
Notes:	This function does a global reset of the SMT350 (ADCs, DACs, Clock).		
	Configure	ADCReg	
Prototype:	void Conf SMT350TYPI vcxotype=v		
	<u>outputADC</u>	Type of data the ADCs output. (See enum <u>OUTPUT</u>).	
	<u>pSetDAC</u>	DAC parameters (gain and offset). (See struct <u>SETDAC</u>).	
Parameters:	<u>smt350type</u>	Select the SMT350 type: CDCM7005 or AD9510. (See enum <u>SMT350TYPE</u>).	
	<u>pSetClk</u>	Clock parameters (sampling frequency ratio). (See struct <u>SETCLK</u>).	
	<u>vcxotype</u>	Select the right VCXO used on the SMT350: 100MHz or 245.76 MHz. (See enum $VCXOTYPE$).	
Return value:	None.		
Notes:	This function	configures the ADC, DAC and clock registers.	
	Configure	ADCClock	
Prototype:	void Conf	igureADCClk(CLKMODE350 *pClkMode);	
Parameters:	pClkMode ADC clock mode parameters. (See struct CLKSMT350).		
Return value:	None.		
Notes:	This function configures the ADC clock.		
	Acquire		
Prototype:	void Acqui	ire(CLKMODE350 *pClkMode);	
	<u>pClkMode</u> ADC clock mode parameters. (See struct <u>CLKSMT350</u>).		
Return value:	None.		
Notes:	This function acquires data from the Smt350.		

The SMT350 sructures

struct CLKMODE350		
bool bExtRef	true = external reference; false = on-board 10 MHz reference. The default value is false.	
bool bExtClk	true = external clock; false = on-board VCXO. The default value is false.	
bool bTrigInvert	true = trigger polarity channel A and B; false = Non-inverting. The default value is false.	
bool bTrigExt	true = trigger selection channel A and B; false = internal trigger. The default value is false.	
CHSEL ChSel	Channel selection. The default value is channelab.	
bool b2sComplement	True = ADC A and B output 2's complement samples False = ADC A and B output binary samples. The default value is false.	

struct SETDAC			
unsigned int nOffsetA	Offset DAC channel A. The default value is 0.		
unsigned int nGainA	Gain DAC channel A. The default value is 0xFFF.		
unsigned int nOffsetB	Offset DAC channel B. The default value is 0.		
unsigned int nGainB	Gain DAC channel B. The default value is 0xFFF.		

struct SETCLK	
	Sampling frequency divider for the ADCs. The default value is div3.
SAMPLING_RATIO DACSamplingRatio	Sampling frequency divider for the DACs. The default value is div2.

The SMT350 enumerated types

Enumerated type	Description
<pre>enum SMT350TYPE { ad9510 = 0, cdcm7005 = 1 };</pre>	There are two types of SMT350. The default one with the component CDCM7005 and the one with the component AD9510. The right SMT350 type can be selected using this enumerated type.
<pre>enum SAMPLING_RATIO { div1 = 0, div2 = 1, div3 = 2, div4 = 3, div6 = 4, div8 = 5, div16 = 6 };</pre>	This enumerated type selects the sampling frequency divider.

3.3.3 SMT351 interface

The SMT351 interface can be used with a SMT351 plugged a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the SMT351 functions
 - <u>Acquire</u>
 - ReadBack
 - <u>FillMem</u>

The SMT351 functions

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

	Acquire	
Prototype:	<pre>void Acquire(unsigned int nBytes, unsigned int nAddress);</pre>	
Parameters:	<u>nBytes</u> Number of bytes to acquire.	
	nAddress Memory address from where to acquire the data.	
Return value:	None.	

	ReadBack	
Prototype:	<pre>void ReadBack(void);</pre>	
Parameters:		
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function starts the acquisition from the SMT351.	
	FillMem	
Prototype:	<pre>void FillMem(unsigned int *pBuf, unsigned int nBytes);</pre>	
Parameters:	<u>pBuf</u> Buffer that contains the data to copy to the SMT351 memory.	
	<u>nBytes</u> Number of bytes to copy to the SMT351 memory.	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function acquires data from the SMT351.	

3.3.4 SMT381 interface

The SMT381 interface can be used with a SMT381 plugged a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the SMT381 functions
 - <u>ConfigureDACReg</u>
 - <u>ConfigureDACClock</u>
 - <u>SetTrigger</u>
 - <u>Reset</u>
- the SMT381 enumerated types
 - DATAMODE

The SMT381 functions

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

	Configure	eDACReg
_	_	figureDACReg(DATAMODE mode, unsigned short *pBuf,
Prototype:		int nBurstSize);
	<u>mode</u>	Select the data mode (See struct DATAMODE)
Parameters:	<u>pBuf</u>	Buffer that contains the data to write to the DAC memory (only used when the direct mode is selected).
	<u>nBurstSize</u>	Set the burst size for the DACs. Typically it will be the number of 14-bit samples divided by the number of samples per cycle (NB_SAMPLE_CYCLE).
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function	on configures the DAC registers of the SMT381.
	Configure	eDACClock
Destation	unsigned	int ConfigureADCClock(unsigned int
Prototype:		lingFreq, bool bOnBoardClk);
Davamatava	<u>nRf Sampli</u>	ingFreq Sampling frequency of the on-board clock.
Parameters:	<u>bOnBoardC</u>	True to use the on-board clock otherwise false. False is the default value.
Return value:	Sampling frequency of the on-board clock.	
Notes:	This function configures the clock of the SMT381.	
	SetTrigge	
Prototype:	void Set1	<pre>Frigger(bool bStart);</pre>
Parameters:	bStart Set the trigger to 0 of 1. The trigger is active high.	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function sets the trigger of the SMT381.	
	Reset	
Drototypo		at (bool hand how hool hogw).
Prototype:		et(bool bSDB, bool bDAC, bool bDCM);
Parameters:		B reset. $0 = \text{inactive}, 1 = \text{active}.$
	<u>bDAC</u> DA	C reset, active on falling edge. Reset all FPGA internal registers

and DAC.

<u>bDCM</u> DCM reset. 0 = inactive, 1 = active.

Return None.

Notes: This function resets the SMT381.

The SMT381 enumerated types

Enumerated type	Description
<pre>enum DATAMODE { direct, memory };</pre>	Selects the data mode: direct = the input data comes from the FPGA, memory = the input data comes from the DAC memory.

3.3.5 SMT384 interface

The SMT384 interface can be used with a SMT384 plugged in a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the SMT384 functions
 - <u>ResetDevices</u>
 - <u>ConfigureADCReg</u>
 - <u>ConfigureADCClock</u>
 - <u>Acquire</u>
- the SMT384 structures
 - <u>CLKMODE384</u>

The SMT384 functions

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

ResetDevices

Prototype: void ResetDevices(void);

Parameters: None.

Return None.

Notes: This function does a global reset of the SMT384 (ADCs, Clock...).

ConfigureADCReg

- Prototype: void ConfigureADCReg(OUTPUT output, nVCXOTYPE vcxotype, unsigned int nClkDiv);
 - output Type of data the ADCs output. (See enum OUTPUT).
- **Parameters:** <u>nClkDiv</u> VCO clock divider to set the sampling frequency.
 - $\frac{\text{vcxotype}}{\text{MHz.}}$ Select the right VCXO used on the SMT384: 100MHz or 245.76 MHz. (See enum <u>VCXOTYPE</u>).
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function configures the ADC registers of the SMT384.

ConfigureADCClock

- Prototype: void ConfigureADCClk(CLKMODE384 clkmode);
- Parameters: <u>clkmode</u> ADC clock mode parameters. (See struct <u>CLKMODE384</u>).
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function configures the clock for the ADCs on the SMT384.

Acquire

Prototype: void Acquire(CLKMODE384 clkmode, unsigned int nBytes);

clkmode ADC clock mode parameters. (See struct CLKMODE384).

<u>nBytes</u> Number of bytes to acquire.

Return None.

Parameters:

Notes: This function set the ADCs on the SMT384 to acquire data.

The SMT384 structures

struct CLKMODE384		
bool bExtRef	true = external reference; false = on-board 10 MHz reference. The default value is false.	
bool bExtClk	true = external clock; false = on-board VCXO. The default value is false.	
bool bABTrigInvert	true = trigger polarity channel A and B; false = Non-inverting. The default value is false.	
bool bABTrigExt	true = trigger selection channel A and B; false = internal trigger. The default value is false.	
bool bCDTrigInvert	true = trigger polarity channel C and D; false = Non-inverting. The default value is false.	
bool bCDTrigExt	true = trigger selection channel C and D; false = internal trigger. The default value is false.	
CHSEL ABChSel	Channel A and B selection. The default value is channelab.	
CHSEL CDChSel	Channel C and D selection. The default value is channelab.	
bool bAB2sComplement	True = ADC A and B output 2's complement samples False = ADC A and B output binary samples. The default value is false.	
bool bCD2sComplement	True = ADC C and D output 2's complement samples False = ADC C and D output binary samples. The default value is false.	

3.3.6 SMT391 interface

The SMT391 interface can be used with a SMT391 plugged in a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the SMT391 functions
 - <u>Reset</u>
 - <u>ConfigureADCReg</u>

- <u>ConfigureADCClock</u>
- <u>Acquire</u>
- <u>ADCReset</u>
- <u>SetADCMode</u>
- <u>SetClkMode</u>
- <u>GetFirmwareVersion</u>
- <u>GetTemp</u>
- <u>GetSN</u>
- the SMT391 structures
 - <u>SETADC391</u>
- the SMT391 enumerated types
 - <u>CLKMODE391</u>

The SMT391 functions

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

	Reset		
Prototype:	<pre>void Reset(bool bGlobal, bool bADC, bool bUser);</pre>		
	bGlobal True to do a global reset otherwise false.		
Parameters:	bADC True to do an ADC reset otherwise false.		
	bUser True to do a user reset otherwise false.		
Return value:	None.		
Notes:	This function reset the SMT391.		
	ConfigureADCReg		
Prototype:	<pre>void ConfigureADCReg(unsigned int &nSamplingFreq, SETADC391 setadc);</pre>		
Parameters:	nSamplingFreq Sampling frequency of the on-board clock.		
	<u>setadc</u> ADC parameters. (See struct <u>SETADC391</u>).		
Return value:	None.		
Notes:	This function configures the ADC registers of the SMT391.		

	ConfigureADCClock	
Prototype:	unsigned int ConfigureADCClock(unsigned int nRf_SamplingFreq, bool bOnBoardClk);	
	nRf SamplingFreq Sampling frequency of the on-board clock.	
Parameters:	bOnBoardClk True to use the on-board clock otherwise false. False is the default value.	
Return value:	Sampling frequency of the on-board clock.	
Notes:	This function configures the clock of the SMT391.	
	Acquire	
Prototype:	<pre>void Acquire(unsigned int nBytes=0, bool bDDR=false);</pre>	
Parameters:	Number of bytes to acquire. If no DDR memory has been <u>nBytes</u> implemented in the FPGA firmware, the acquisition is continue and nBytes is not used. 0 is the default value.	
	\underline{bDDR} True when DDR memory is implemented in the FPGA firmware otherwise false. False is the default value.	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function configures the SMT391 to start acquiring data.	
	StopAcquire	
_		
Prototype:	<pre>void StopAcquire(HOST_LINK hostlink);</pre>	
Parameters:	hostlink Communication link on which to write the data. Host comport per default. (See enum HOST LINK).	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function stops the ADC to acquire data.	
	ADCReset	
Prototype:	void ADCReset(void);	
Parameters:	None.	
Return value:	None.	

Notes: This function resets the ADCs.

SetADCMode

- Prototype: void SetADCMode(unsigned int n);
- Parameters: <u>n</u> ADC mode value.
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function sets the ADC mode.

SetClkMode

- Prototype: void SetClkMode(CLKMODE391 clkmode);
- Parameters: <u>clkmode</u> ADC clock mode parameters. (See struct <u>CLKSMT391</u>).
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function sets the clock mode.

GetFirmwareVersion

Prototype: unsigned int GetFirmwareVersion(void);

- Parameters: None.
- Return None.
- **Notes:** This function gets the firmware version. Before using this function the user has to make sure this functionality is part of the firmware used to program the FPGA.

GetTemp

Prototype: void GetTemp(TEMP *pTemp);

Parameters: <u>pTemp</u> Structure that receives the modules' temperatures (See struct <u>TEMP</u>).

Return None.

Notes:This function gets the temperatures on different part of the hardware.Before using this function the user has to make sure this functionality is
part of the firmware used to program the FPGA.

GetSN

Prototype: void GetSN(SN *pSN);

Parameters:pSNStructure that receives the modules' temperatures. (See struct
SN).

Return None.

Notes: This function gets the FPGA module serial number. Before using this function the user has to make sure this functionality is part of the firmware used to program the FPGA.

The SMT391 structures

struct SETADC391	
bool bItoQ	True = The input for the channels I and Q is the same. False = Channels I and Q have different inputs. The default value is true.
unsigned int nAnalogGain	Analog gain. The default value is 128.
unsigned int nOffsetComp	Offset compensation. The default value is 0.
bool bTest	True = the ADCs outputs test data. False = the ADCs outputs data from theirs inputs. The default value is false.
unsigned int nDrda	Set the value of the DRDA between 0 and 7. The default value is 7.

The SMT391 enumerated types

Enumerated type	Description
<pre>enum CLKMODE391 { clk_mode_I_I_Q_Q, clk_mode_Q_I_Q_Q, clk_mode_I_I_I_Q, clk_mode_Q_I_I_Q };</pre>	Selects the clock mode.

3.3.7 SMT941 interface

The SMT941 interface can be used with a SMT941 plugged in a Sundance carrier board.

This section describes:

- the SMT941 functions
 - <u>ResetDevices</u>
 - <u>ConfigureADCReg</u>
 - <u>AcquireAB</u>
 - <u>AcquireCD</u>
 - <u>GetFirmwareVersion</u>
 - GetError
- the SMT941 structures
 - <u>CLKMODE941</u>
- the SMT941 enumerated types
 - ERRORS
 - <u>CLOCK DIVIDER</u>

The SMT941 functions

Prototype:

All the following functions can throw an SMTExc exception.

void ResetDevices(void);

ResetDevices

 Parameters:
 None.

 Return value:
 None.

 Notes:
 This function reset the SMT941.

 ConfigureADCReg
 Int ConfigureADCReg(OUTPUT output, CLKMODE941 clkmode);

 Prototype:
 int ConfigureADCReg(OUTPUT output, CLKMODE941 clkmode);

 Output
 Type of data the ADCs output. (See enum OUTPUT).

 clkmode
 Select the clock parameters. (See struct CLKMODE941).

Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function configures the ADC registers of the SMT941.	
	AcquireAB	
Prototype:	int AcquireAB(unsigned int nBytes, unsigned chart *a, unsigned short *b);	
	<u>nBytes</u> Number of bytes to acquire.	
Parameters:	a Data sampled from channel A.	
	b Data sampled from channel B.	
Return value:	Return 0 if successful otherwise 1.	
Notes:	This function acquires data on channel A and channel B of the SMT941.	
	AcquireCD	
Prototype:	<pre>int AcquireCD(unsigned int nBytes, unsigned chart *c, unsigned short *d);</pre>	
	<u>nBytes</u> Number of bytes to acquire.	
Parameters:	<u>c</u> Data sampled from channel C.	
	<u>d</u> Data sampled from channel D.	
Return value:	Return 0 if successful otherwise 1.	
Notes:	This function acquires data on channel C and channel D of the SMT941.	
_	GetFirmwareVersion	
Prototype:	<pre>unsigned int GetFirmwareVersion(void);</pre>	
Parameters:	None.	
Return value:	None.	
Notes:	This function gets the firmware version. Before using this function the user has to make sure this functionality is part of the firmware used to program the FPGA.	

	GetError	
Prototype:	<pre>char * GetError(int err);</pre>	
Parameters:	err Error code.	
Return value:	The description of the error code.	
Notes:	This function returns the description of the error code enter as parameter.	

The SMT941 structures

struct CLKMODE941		
bool bExtRef	True = External reference. False = On-board 10 MHz reference. The default value is false.	
bool bExtClk	True = External Clock. False = On-board VCXO. The default value is false.	
bool bTrigInvert	Trigger polarity True = Inverting. False = Non-Inverting. The default value is false.	
bool bTrigExt	Trigger selection True = External trigger. False = Internal trigger. The default value is false.	
bool b2sComplement	True = External reference. False = On-board 10 MHz reference. The default value is false.	
unsigned int nClkDiv	Set the value of the clock divider. The default value is div_by_one.	

The SMT941 enumerated types

Enumerated type	Description
enum ERRORS {	Error codes.

4 Utilities

The utilities are useful little applications.

The following utilities are available with the SMT1026:

<u>ConfigFPGAMod</u>

4.1 Configure FPGA-only modules

This application is installed in the following directory: "<u>C:/Program</u> <u>Files/Sundance/SMT6026/ConfigFPGAMod.exe</u>".

😂 SMT6026		
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> el	lp	
🔇 Back 👻 🕥 - 🍺 🔎 Search	Folders	
Address 🛅 C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6	5026	💌 ラ Go
Folders	× Name 🔺	Size Type
Sundance SMT6001 SMT6012 SMT6025 SMT6026 SMT6026 Examples Lib SMT6300	Examples Include Lib ConfigFPGAMod.exe ReleaseNotes.rtf	File Folder File Folder File Folder 96 KB Application 43 KB Rich Text Format 134 KB Compiled HTML Help
<	> <	>
6 objects (Disk free space: 49.9 GB)	272 KB	🔄 🚽 My Computer 💦

This user interface is a quick and easy way to configure and communicate with an FPGAonly module on the first TIM site of a Sundance carrier board.

It's also a good example of what can be achieved using the SMT1026 libraries.

To run the application, double-click on "*ConfigFPGAMod.exe*" and select the tab corresponding to your FPGA-module:

- <u>SMT350</u>
- <u>SMT351</u>
- <u>SMT381</u>
- <u>SMT384</u>
- <u>SMT391</u>

4.1.1 SMT350

This section explains how to use the "*Configure FPGA-only module*" user interface.

For more information on how to set the parameters please look at the <u>SMT350 user</u> <u>manual</u>.

FPGA Configuration	T381 SMT384 SMT391 SMT384 SMT391 SMT350_AD	Display progress informati
ADC / DAC Registers	CDCM7005 C AD9510 VCX0 100MHz Channel selection: Channel AB Input clock / 3 Data format: Binary	
Acquisition File to save data: NB of bytes to acquire: Host link: Default Values	X:\SMT6026\Source\ConfigFPGAMod\Host\data.txt 1024 NB of bytes to avoid: 0 Comport	
	Press this button to set all the parameters to their default value. ss this button to reset the carrier and the FPGA-only TIM.] the

1 - FPGA Configuration:

<u>Bitstream</u>: Select the FPGA bitstream. (This field is not used when the "Quick Configuration" box is checked.)

<u>Quick Configuration</u>: Check this check box if the FPGA has already been configured with the right bitstream. When this check box is checked, only a start key is sent to the FPGA to reconfigure it.

<u>Configure FPGA</u>: Press this button to configure the FPGA of the SMT391.

2 - ADC Configuration:

<u>CDCM7005 / AD9510</u>: Select the type of component fitted on the FPGA TIM.

 \underline{VCXO} type: Select the type of the VCXO fitted on the FPGA TIM (100 MHz or 245.76 MHz).

 \underline{ADC} Sampling Frequency: Set the sampling frequency for the ADCs of the SMT350. (Up to 125MHz).

 \underline{DAC} Sampling Frequency: Set the sampling frequency for the DACs of the SMT350. (Up to 500MHz).

Gain: Set the gain fo the DACs.

<u>Offset</u>: Set the offset for the DACs.

<u>Channel selection</u>: Select the output channel(s) .

Data format: Select the format of the output data (binary or 2's complement).

External clock: Check this check box if you are using an external clock.

<u>Trigger inverting</u>: Check this check box for an inverting trigger.

External trigger: Check this check box if you are using an external trigger.

Test: Check this check box to use the ADC test data as input data.

<u>Configure ADC</u>: Press this button to configure the ADCs and the DACs of the SMT350.

3 - Acquisition:

File to save data: Set the file to which the data should be written.

Bytes to acquire: Set the size of the acquisition in bytes (or /2 14-bit samples).

<u>Bytes to avoid</u>: Set the number of bytes (or /2 14-bit samples) to avoid before starting the acquisition. This can be useful in some cases. For example, the host comport on the SMT310Q has a very small buffer that can overflow before the acquisition starts. By

setting the "Bytes to avoid" field, the comport buffer gets empty before starting the acquisition.

<u>Host link</u>: Select the link used between the host and the carrier board. Most of the time it will be the host comport but sometime it's possible to use the host RSL.

Acquire data: Press this button to start an data acquisition.

4.1.2 SMT351

This section explains how to use the "*Configure FPGA-only module*" user interface.

For more information on how to set the parameters please look at the <u>SMT351 user</u> <u>manual</u>.

ConfigFPGAMod		
SMT350 SMT351 SMT381 SMT391 FPGA Configuration Bitstream: [C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6026\examples\Smt351\Filmware\SMT351_CP. Quick Configuration 1 Configure FPGA	* Configuring FPGA FPGA configured successfully	Display progress information
Acquisition From SDB Sampling frequency: 500 MHz Signal frequency: 25 MHz Signal selection: Sine wave Address: 0 Bytes to acquire: 1024 File to save data: C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6026\data.txt Acquire data		
Default Values Reset Press this button to set all the	? Cancel OK Press this button to open t	he
parameters to their default value. Press this button to reset the carrier board and the FPGA-only TIM.	` help file.	

1 - FPGA Configuration:

<u>Bitstream</u>: Select the FPGA bitstream. (This field is not used when the "Quick Configuration" box is checked.)

<u>Quick Configuration</u>: Check this check box if the FPGA has already been configured with the right bitstream. When this check box is checked, only a start key is sent to the FPGA to reconfigure it.

<u>Configure FPGA</u>: Press this button to configure the FPGA of the SMT391.

2 - Acquisition:

From host comport / From SDB: Select the origin of the input data.

If the input data comes from the host comport, the followings parameters define the signal to save into the SMT351 memory:

<u>Sampling Frequency</u>: Set the sampling frequency in MHz.

<u>Signal Frequency</u>: Set the signal frequency in MHz.

Signal selection: Select the type of signal to write to the SMT351 memory.

<u>Address</u>: Set the address for the memory from where to read.

Bytes to acquire: Set the size of the acquisition in bytes.

File to save data: Set the file to which the data should be written.

Acquire data: Press this button to start an data acquisition.

4.1.3 SMT381

This section explains how to use the "*Configure FPGA-only module*" user interface.

For more information on how to set the parameters please look at the <u>SMT381 user</u> <u>manual</u>.

SMT350 SMT351 SMT381 SMT384 SMT391 FPGA Configuration Bitstream: [C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6026\examples\Smt381\Firmware\SMT381_SM] ▼ Quick Configuration 1 Configure FPGA	* Configuring FPGA FPGA configured successfully	Display progress information
ADC Registers © Direct data © Memory data		
Sampling frequency: 500 MHz Signal frequency: 25 MHz		
Signal selection: Sine wave ▼ ✓ On board clock Configure DAC		
Default Values	<u>~</u>	
Default Values	? Cancel OK	

1 - FPGA Configuration:

<u>Bitstream</u>: Select the FPGA bitstream. (This field is not used when the "Quick Configuration" box is checked.)

<u>Quick Configuration</u>: Check this check box if the FPGA has already been configured with the right bitstream. When this check box is checked, only a start key is sent to the FPGA to reconfigure it.

<u>Configure FPGA</u>: Press this button to configure the FPGA of the SMT391.

2 - DAC Configuration:

Direct data / Memory data: Select the source of the input data.

<u>Sampling Frequency</u>: Set the sampling frequency for the DACs of the SMT381. The range is from 50MHz to 500MHz.

<u>Signal Frequency</u>: Set the signal frequency of the signal to write to the DAC memories.

<u>Signal selection</u>: Select the type of signal to write to the DAC memories.

<u>On board clock</u>: Check this check box if you are using the on board clock.

<u>Configure DAC</u>: Press this button to configure the DACs of the SMT381.

4.1.4 SMT384

This section explains how to use the "*Configure FPGA-only module*" user interface.

For more information on how to set the parameters please look at the <u>SMT384 user</u> <u>manual</u>.

ConfigFPGAMod SMT350 SMT351 SMT381 SMT384 SMT391		
FPGA Configuration		Display progress informa
Bitstream: C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6026\Examples\SMT384\Firmware\SMT384_S	* Configuring FPGA FPGA configured successfully	
Quick Configuration Configure FPGA	FPGA configured successfully	
Channel selection: Channel AB (or CD)		
Data format: Binary Trigger inverting		
VCXD type: VCXD 245.76MHz VCXD Test		
Clock divider: 22 Configure ADC		
Acquisition		
File to save data: C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6026\data.txt		
Bytes to acquire: 8192 Bytes to avoid: 0		
Host link: Comport C		
Default Values	<	3
Reset	? Cancel 0	
Press this button to set all the parameters to their default value.	Press this button to c help file.	open the
	nely me.	
Press this button to reset the carrier board and the FPGA-only TIM.		

1 - FPGA Configuration:

<u>Bitstream</u>: Select the FPGA bitstream. (This field is not used when the "Quick Configuration" box is checked.)

<u>Quick Configuration</u>: Check this check box if the FPGA has already been configured with the right bitstream. When this check box is checked, only a start key is sent to the FPGA to reconfigure it.

<u>Configure FPGA</u>: Press this button to configure the FPGA of the SMT384.

2 - ADC Configuration:

<u>Channel selection</u>: Select the output channel(s) .

Data format: Select the format of the output data (binary or 2's complement).

 \underline{VCXO} type: Select the type of the VCXO fitted on the FPGA TIM (100 MHz or 245.76 MHz).

<u>Clock Divider</u>: Select the clock divider for the sampling frequency.

External clock: Check this check box if you are using an external clock.

<u>Trigger inverting</u>: Check this check box for an inverting trigger.

External trigger: Check this check box if you are using an external trigger.

<u>Test</u>: Check this check box to use the ADC test data as input data.

<u>Configure ADC</u>: Press this button to configure the ADCs of the SMT384.

3 - Acquisition:

File to save data: Set the file to which the data should be written.

Bytes to acquire: Set the size of the acquisition in bytes (or /2 14-bit samples).

<u>Bytes to avoid</u>: Set the number of bytes (or /2 14-bit samples) to avoid before starting the acquisition. This can be useful in some cases. For example, the host comport on the SMT310Q has a very small buffer that can overflow before the acquisition starts. By setting the "Bytes to avoid" field, the comport buffer gets empty before starting the acquisition.

<u>Host link</u>: Select the link used between the host and the carrier board. Most of the time it will be the host comport but sometime it's possible to use the host RSL.

Acquire data: Press this button to start an data acquisition.

4.1.5 SMT391

This section explains how to use the "*Configure FPGA-only module*" user interface.

For more information on how to set the parameters please look at the <u>SMT391 user</u> <u>manual</u>.

ConfigFPGAMod SMT350 SMT351 SMT381 SMT384 SMT391 FPGA Configuration Bitstream: C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6026\examples\Smt391\Formoare\SMT391_SM	* Configuring FPGA FPGA configured successfully	Display progress informat
Default Values	<u>×</u>	
Reset	Cancel OK	
Press this button to set all the parameters to their default value. Press this button to reset the carrier board and the FPGA-only TIM.	Press this button to open th help file.	e

1 - FPGA Configuration:

<u>Bitstream</u>: Select the FPGA bitstream. (This field is not used when the "Quick Configuration" box is checked.)

<u>Quick Configuration</u>: Check this check box if the FPGA has already been configured with the right bitstream. When this check box is checked, only a start key is sent to the FPGA to reconfigure it.

<u>Configure FPGA</u>: Press this button to configure the FPGA of the SMT391.

2 - ADC Configuration:

<u>Sampling Frequency</u>: Set the sampling frequency for the ADCs of the SMT391. The range is from 50MHz to 1GHz.

Analog gain: Set the analog gain. The range is from 0 to 255.

Offset Compensation: Set the offset compensation. The range is from 0 to 255.

<u>On board clock</u>: Check this check box if you are using the on board clock.

<u>DRDA channel I & Q</u>: Set the DRDA value. This value depends of the FPGA module and the sampling frequency.

<u>Test</u>: Check this check box to use the ADC test data as input data. In the next step, the data will be saved in two separate files. One file should contain a ramp with a positive slope. The other file should contain a ramp with a negative slope.

<u>Channel I only ADC input</u>: Check this check box to use the connector of channel I as the only input source for channel I and Q.

Configure ADC: Press this button to configure the ADCs of the SMT391.

3 - Acquisition:

File to save data: Set the file to which the data should be written.

Bytes to acquire: Set the size of the acquisition in bytes (or 8-bit samples).

Bytes to avoid: Set the number of bytes (or 8-bit samples) to avoid before starting the acquisition. This can be useful in some cases. For example, the host comport on the SMT310Q has a very small buffer that can overflow before the acquisition starts. By setting the "Bytes to avoid" field, the comport buffer gets empty before starting the acquisition.

<u>Host link</u>: Select the link used between the host and the carrier board. Most of the time it will be the host comport but sometime it's possible to use the host RSL.

Acquire data: Press this button to start an data acquisition.

5 Examples

The SMT1026 provides several examples to illustrate the used of the Sundance's FPGA library.

There is an example for each supported FPGA module and a more generic one.

Those examples are organised in three folders:

- <u>Firmware</u>
- <u>Host</u>
- Output

5.1 Firmware

This folder contains several firmware for the FPGA-only module.

It's installed in the following directory: "<u>C:/Program</u> <u>Files/Sundance/SMT6026/Examples/SMT391/Firmware</u>". <u>Remark</u>: SMT391 can be replaced by the number of the board you are interested in.

Firmware		
File Edit View Favorites Iools Help	Folders	
Address C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT6		💙 🄁 Go
Folders Fol	 Name SMT391_SMT338VP30_CP_ch SMT391_SMT338VP30_CP_ch SMT391_SMT3685X35_CP_ch SMT391_SMT3685X35_CP_ch readme.txt 	hQ.app hI.app
<	> <	>
5 objects (Disk free space: 49.9 GB)	6.02 MB	🚽 My Computer

The bitstream have been compiled with 3L Diamond FPGA and therefore are *.app files. The "*readme.txt*" file contains some information about the firmware. The source code can be provided on demand but an NDA (Non Disclosure Agreement) has to be signed first.

<u>Remark</u>: The FPGA library works with the basic functionalities implemented in the firmware supplied with the SMT1026. If bitstreams other than the ones provided with the SMT1026 are used with the FPGA library, the software will not work properly anymore. In those circumstances Sundance will decline all responsibilities.

5.2 Host

This folder contains the source code for the host.

It's installed in the following directory: "<u>C:/Program</u> <u>Files/Sundance/SMT6026/Examples/SMT391/Host</u>".

Remark: SMT391 can be replaced by the number of the board you are interested in.

🔄 Host				
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp				**
🔇 Back 👻 🕥 - 🏂 🔎 Search	B	Folders		
Address 🛅 C:\Program Files\Sundance\SMT602	?6\Exa	mples\SMT391\Host		💌 🋃 Go
Folders	×	Name 🔺	Size	Туре
SMT6001 SMT6012 SMT6025 SMT6026 SMT350 SMT350 SMT351 SMT381 SMT381 SMT381 SMT391 SM		SMT391.cpp SMT391.dsp SMT391.dsw StdAfx.cpp StdAfx.h	5 KB 5 KB 1 KB 1 KB 1 KB	C++ Source file Project File Project Workspace C++ Source file C Header file
<		<		>
5 objects (Disk free space: 49.9 GB)		10.6 KB	🔡 My Co	omputer 🥫

Source code

The source code is similar for all the supported FPGA-only modules:

```
    Open the FPGA library.
    Reset the board and TIM.
    Configure the FPGA.
    Configure the ADCs/DACs.
    Start the acquisition on the ADCs or trigger the DACs.
    6- Save data to file (ADCs).
```

<u>Tip</u>: Change the value of the #define directives at the beginning of the program to change the parameters. Don't forget to recompile!

5.3 Output

This folder contains the executable application.

It's installed in the following directory: "<u>C:/Program</u> <u>Files/Sundance/SMT6026/Examples/SMT391/Output</u>".

Remark: SMT391 can be replaced by the number of the board you are interested in.

🔄 Output				
<u>File Edit View Favorites Tools</u>	: <u>H</u> elp			
🔇 Back 🔹 🕥 - 🏂 🔎	Search 陵	Folders		
Address 🛅 C:\Program Files\Sundance	s\SMT6026\Exa	amples\SMT391\Output		💌 🋃 Go
Folders	×	Name 🔺	Size	Туре
		5MT391.exe	44 KB	Application
<	>	<		
objects (Disk free space: 49.9 GB)		44.0 KB	🔍 😡 🖓	omputer

This executable is a very simple console application aimed to show the basic use of the SMT1026 libraries. But more complicated and flexible user interfaces can be developed using the functionalities of the SMT1026 libraries. (See <u>Configure FPGA-only module</u>).